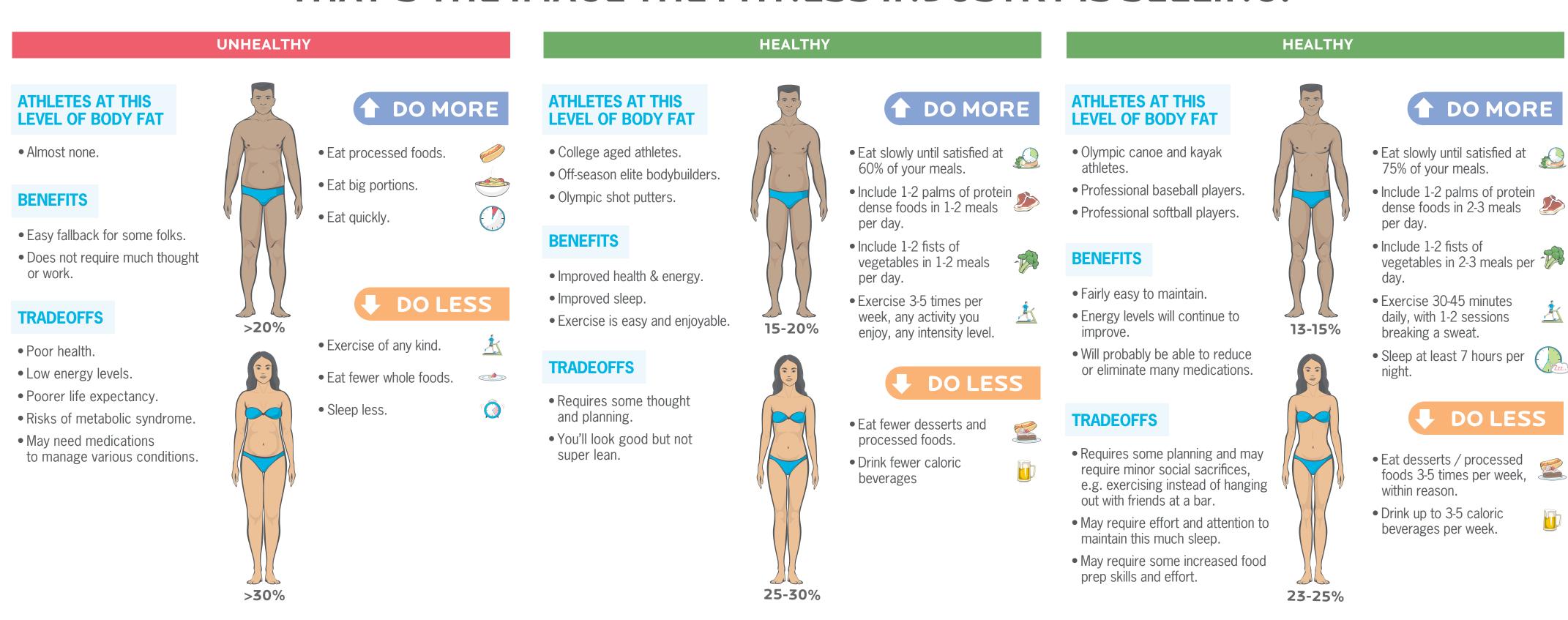
THE COST OF GETTING LEAN: IS IT REALLY WORTH THE TRADE-OFF?

SIX-PACK ABS. TIGHT BUTTS. LEAN, VIBRANT, FLAWLESS HEALTH. THAT'S THE IMAGE THE FITNESS INDUSTRY IS SELLING.



BUT HAVE YOU EVER WONDERED WHAT IT REALLY COSTS TO ACHIEVE THAT COVER MODEL LOOK? WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO MORE OF? WHAT YOU HAVE TO GIVE UP? MAKE NO MISTAKE, THERE ARE REAL TRADE-OFFS. LET'S TALK ABOUT WHAT THEY ARE.

EASY TRANSITION

VERY HARD TRANSITION

HEALTHY

HARD TRANSITION

HEALTHY

MEDIUM TRANSITION



VERY EASY TRANSITION

• Elite bodybuilders on contest

ATHLETES AT THIS

LEVEL OF BODY FAT

• Fitness models on the day of the photoshoot.

BENEFITS

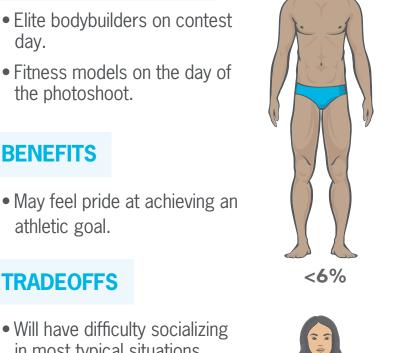
athletic goal.

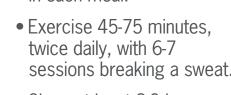
TRADEOFFS

• Will have difficulty socializing in most typical situations where food is involved.

 May miss out on fun events with family and friends.

- Big time commitment to measure, weigh, and track all
- Hyper focus on diet and exercise may contribute to disordered eating.
- Time required for exercise may crowd out all other pursuits and interests.





DO LESS

DO MORE

• Eat slowly until satisfied at 99.9% of your meals.

 Incorporate calorie/carb cycling.

 Follow meal plan with predetermined foods and amounts, and measure food specifically.

 Include exact amount of lean proteins, fibrous veggies, and healthy fats

in each meal. • Exercise 45-75 minutes.

Sleep at least 8-9 hours

 Limit carbs to post-workout or designated higher carb

 Eat desserts / processed foods once every 10-12

Avoid caloric beverages.

ATHLETES AT THIS LEVEL OF BODY FAT

 Olympic level boxers and wrestlers.

• Olympic sprinters (100-400 meters).

Olympic level gymnasts.

BENEFITS

 Will probably look extremely lean; will have that six-pack.

• Overall health will probably be good due to carefully balanced and minimally processed diet.

 Will likely have high work capacity and good stamina.

TRADEOFFS

 May struggle in social situations. especially those involving food.

 May not have time for social opportunities outside of exercise.

 May have to give up other hobbies and interests outside fitness.

6-9%

DO MORE Eat slowly until satisfied at 95% of your meals.

• Include 1-2 palms of protein dense foods in each meal.

• Include 1-2 fists of fibrous vegetables in each meal.

• Include 1-2 thumbs of essential fats in each meal.

• Exercise 60-75 minutes daily, with 4-5 sessions

 Sleep at least 8 hours per night.

breaking a sweat.

DOIFSS

 Limit carbs to post-workout or designated higher carb

Eat desserts / processed foods once every 1-2 weeks, within reason.

 Drink a caloric beverage once every 1-2 weeks.

ATHLETES AT THIS

• Olympic swimmers.

Professional hockey players.

LEVEL OF BODY FAT

Olympic volleyball players.

BENEFITS

TRADEOFFS

• Fit appearance and good overall health.

 Fewer food cravings due to balanced diet and exercise regime.

Relatively easy to maintain once

practices become habitual.

Requires more planning and

- greater overall attention to diet. Requires a greater time commitment for the more consistent exercise regime.
- May need assistance or coaching to achieve this amount of consistency.



10-12%

↑ DO MORE

Eat slowly until satisfied at

90% of your meals.

• Include 1-2 palms of protein

dense foods in each meal.

• Include 1-2 fists of vegetables in each meal.

• Include 1-2 thumbs of

healthy fats and 1-2 cupped handfuls of quality carbs at

most meals. • Exercise 45-60 minutes

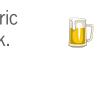
daily, with 3-4 sessions breaking a sweat.

• Sleep at least 7-8 hours per night.



 Eat desserts / processed foods 1-2 times per week, within reason. • Drink up to 1-2 caloric

beverages per week.

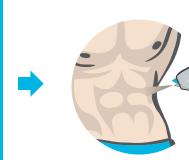


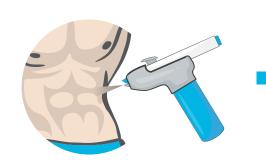
SIX-PACK ABS: A LOOK BEHIND THE SCENES

<16%

Aside from the heavy airbrushing and photoshop done in most magazines, cover models often diet strictly for photo shoots. This means they only look "cover-ready" for a short time. The rest of the time they're much less "ripped".











THE LEVELS OF LEANNESS SEEN ON COVER MODELS ISN'T NECESSARILY HEALTHY.

16-19%

In fact, the type of severe dieting they often use can lead to:

LOSS OF SEX DRIVE

DISORDERED EATING

SOCIAL ISOLATION

AMENORRHEA (IN WOMEN) LOW TESTOSTERONE (IN MEN)

AN UNBALANCED LIFE

HEALTHY, ATHLETICALLY LEAN, OR SUPER LEAN? IT ALL DEPENDS ON YOUR PRIORITIES AND GOALS.

20-22%



First, figure them out.

If you don't know what your priorities are, now's a great time to explore that.



Next, decide what you're willing to do. What will you do to serve those goals and priorities? Why?



Next, decide frequency. How often, how consistently, and how precisely, are you willing to do those things?



Next, decide what you're not willing to do. What are you unwilling to do? To trade off? To give up?

Now you can make better decisions, leading to the body you really want, while living the life you really enjoy.